

18.152 PROBLEM SET 4

due April 11th 9:30 am.

You can collaborate with other students when working on problems. However, you should write the solutions using your own words and thought.

Problem 1. Find a solution to the following problem.

$$\begin{aligned}u_{tt} &= u_{xx} & 0 < x < 1, t > 0 \\u(x, 0) &= g(x), u_t(x, 0) = 0 & 0 \leq x \leq 1, \\u(0, t) &= 0, u_x(0, t) = 0 & t \geq 0,\end{aligned}$$

where g is smooth.

Problem 2. Let Ω be an open bounded smooth domain in \mathbb{R}^n . Show that a smooth solution to the following Cauchy-Dirichlet problem is unique.

$$\begin{aligned}u_{tt} &= \Delta u & x \in \Omega, t > 0 \\u(x, 0) &= g(x), u_t(x, 0) = h(x) & x \in \bar{\Omega}, \\u(x, t) &= f(x) & x \in \partial\Omega, t \geq 0,\end{aligned}$$

where f, g, h are smooth functions.

Hint: Use the energy.

Problem 3. Solve the following problem, and draw the graph of $u(x, 10)$.

$$\begin{aligned}u_{tt} &= u_{xx} & x \in \mathbb{R}, t > 0 \\u(x, 0) &= x^2 & x \in \mathbb{R}, \\u_t(x, 0) &= 2x & x \in \mathbb{R}.\end{aligned}$$

Problem 4. Given smooth functions g, h , solve the following problem.

$$\begin{aligned}u_{tt} - u_{tx} - 2u_{xx} &= 0 & x \in \mathbb{R}, t > 0 \\u(x, 0) &= g(x) & x \in \mathbb{R}, \\u_t(x, 0) &= h(x) & x \in \mathbb{R}.\end{aligned}$$

Hint: Use the factorization $(\partial_t - 2\partial_x)(\partial_t + \partial_x)$ and modify the d'Alembert formula.